The next section will take you through some questions about what you have learned.

1. Is it recommended that most patients have follow-up for their colorectal cancer for up to 5 years?
   ☐ Yes  ☐ No

2. What is the most common site of recurrence?
   ☐ At the same place in the colon or rectum
   ☐ At a different place in the colon or rectum
   ☐ In the liver or lungs

3. When does recurrence happen most often after treatment?
   ☐ Within the first 6 months
   ☐ Within the first 2-3 years
   ☐ The risk of recurrence does not change over time

4. How will the treatment for recurrent cancer compare to the original treatment?
   ☐ The treatment will be easier
   ☐ The treatment will be similar
   ☐ The treatment can be more difficult

5. Will all patients who develop recurrence undergo treatment?
   ☐ Yes  ☐ No

6. Which of the following statements about a patient’s risk for recurrence is true?
   ☐ Recurrence can be prevented by attending all follow-up visits
   ☐ Risk of recurrence is not associated with the stage at diagnosis
   ☐ Risk of recurrence is lower in patients who adopt a healthy diet, exercise regularly, and maintain normal weight

7. What is the purpose of follow-up after treatment for colon or rectal cancer?
   ☐ Managing and monitoring long-term side effects
   ☐ Helping you plan and maintain healthy lifestyles and habits
   ☐ Providing psychosocial support
   ☐ Planning for the future
   ☐ All of the above